# Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

Local Government Type City 7 Town	ship [	Village	Other	Local Governme				Count	ty ppewa	3
Audit Date 3/31/06		Opinion Da 6/21/06	ate		Date Accountant Res	port Submitte	ed to State:		and the second	
We have audited the accordance with the Financial Statements	e Staten	nents of the	he Governr	mental Accou	unting Standards	Board (G	(ASB) and th	ne Uniform	Repor	nts prepared ting Format
We affirm that:										
We have compli	ied with	the <i>Bulletir</i>	n for the Au	dits of Local U	Jnits of Governme	ent in Mich	igan as revise	ed.		
<ol><li>We are certified</li></ol>										
We further affirm the comments and recor			esponses ha	ave been disc	closed in the finan	icial staten	nents, includii	ng the note	s, or in	the report of
ou must check the	applicab	le box for e	each item b	elow.						
Yes ✓ No	1. Cer	tain compo	onent units/	funds/agencie	es of the local unit	t are exclu	ded from the	financial s	tateme	nts.
Yes ✓ No		re are acc of 1980).	cumulated o	deficits in one	e or more of this	unit's unre	eserved fund	balances/r	etained	earnings (P
Yes ✓ No		re are ins ended).	tances of r	non-complian	ce with the Unifo	orm Accou	inting and Bu	udgeting A	ct (P.A	. 2 of 1968,
Yes ✓ No		The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.								
Yes ✓ No		The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).								
Yes ✓ No	6. The	local unit	has been d	elinquent in c	distributing tax rev	enues tha	t were collecte	ed for anot	her tax	ing unit.
Yes ✓ No	7. per	The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).								
Yes ✓ No		local unit		lit cards and	has not adopted	d an applic	cable policy a	as required	by P.	A. 266 of 19
Yes ✓ No	9. The	local unit	has not add	opted an inve	stment policy as r	required by	P.A. 196 of	1997 (MCL	. 129.95	5).
We have enclosed	the foll	owing:				,	Enclosed	To E Forwa		Not Required
The letter of comme	ents and	recomme	ndations.				<b>√</b>			
Reports on individu	al federa	al financial	assistance	programs (pr	rogram audits).					✓
Single Audit Report	ts (ASLG	SU).								✓
Certified Public Accounts Anderson, Tack			ıv. PI C		*					
Street Address 16978 S. Riley A			,,,, 20		City <b>Kinc</b>	heloe		State MI	ZIP.	788
Accountant Signature			Stratus	m Jocki	men e G Pol	0		Date 8/30/06		

# RABER TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2006

# **RABER TOWNSHIP, MICHIGAN**

# **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

TOWNSHIP SUPERVISOR

TOWNSHIP TREASURER

SHERRY POSTULA

TOWNSHIP CLERK

MARILYN MROZEK

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE

LINDA JOHNSON

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE

CYNTHIA CRISP

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Net Assets	7
Statement of Activities	8
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	11
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	12
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:	
Major Funds:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	23
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Road Fund	24
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Fire Fund	25

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Members of the Board Raber Township, Michigan Goetzville, Michigan 49736

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Raber Township, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprises the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Raber Township, as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

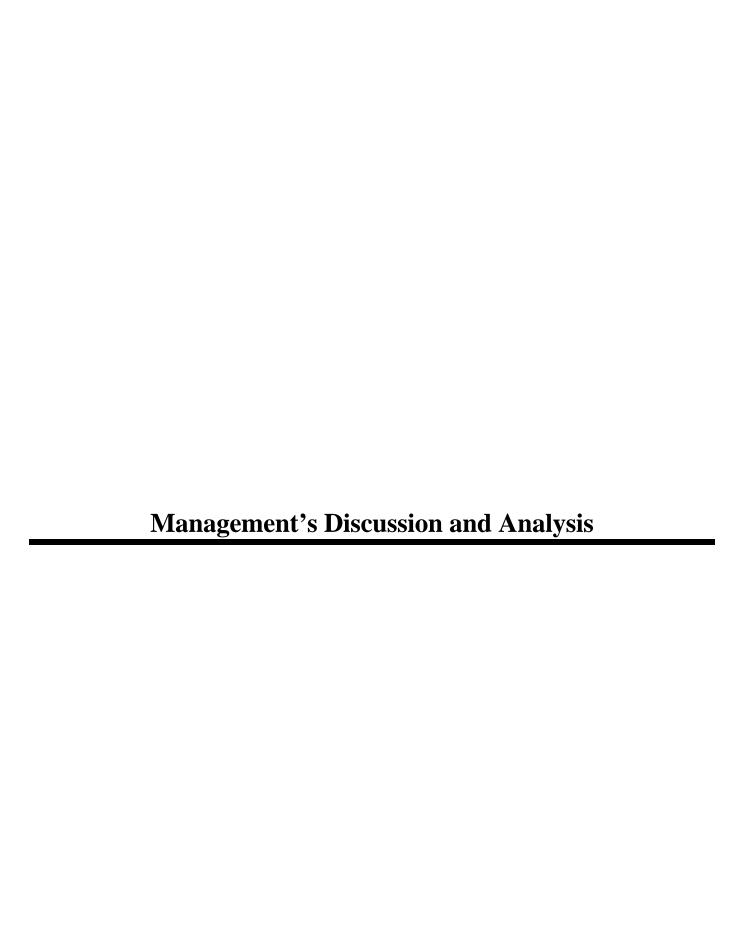
The Management's Discussion and Analysis on page 3 and the budgetary comparisons are not a required part of the financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Members of the Board Raber Township, Michigan

The Raber Township implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments</u> as of April 1, 2005. This results in a change in the format and content of the basic financial statements.

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

June 21, 2006



#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

#### The Township as a Whole

The Township implemented GASB-34 accounting procedures for the period beginning April 2005; therefore a comparative analysis cannot be performed this year. A comparative analysis will not be performed in future years because Townships with a population less than 2,000 people are required to be audited every other year.

In a condensed format, the table below shows the net assets of Raber Township.

	Ac	rnmental tivities 2006
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets	\$	256,907 57,752
Total Assets	\$	314,659
Current Liabilities	\$	6,723
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets Unrestricted		57,752 250,184
Total Net Assets	\$	307,936

# Management's Discussion and Analysis March 31, 2006

The current level of unrestricted net assets for our governmental activities stands at \$250,184, or about 146% of expenses. This is within the targeted range set by the Township Board of Trustees during its last budget process.

The following table shows the activities of the Township.

		ernmental ctivities
		2005
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$	3,059
General Revenues		
Property Taxes		137,090
State-Shared Revenues		46,165
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		1,646
Other Revenue		26,401
Total Revenues		214,361
Program Expenses		
General Government		96,441
Public Safety		17,478
Public Works		56,290
Depreciation Expense (Unallocated)		3,397
Total Expenses		173,606
Change in Net Assets		40,755
Net Assets, beginning		267,181
Net Assets, ending	<u>\$</u>	307,936

Management's Discussion and Analysis March 31, 2006

#### **Governmental Activities**

The Township's total governmental revenues decreased by approximately \$48,085, primarily due to the continuing increase in property tax values and decreased State revenues.

Expenses, excluding depreciation decreased by about \$101,359 during the year. This was primarily the result of close budget monitoring throughout the year.

#### The Township's Funds

Our analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 9, following the entity wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township Board creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes a well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages. The Township's major fund for 2006 includes the General Fund, Road millage and Fire millage.

The General Fund pays for most of the Township's governmental services. The most significant major funds are public works and public safety, which incurred expenses of approximately \$73,768 in 2006. These two services are largely supported by special millages which are recorded in the Road millage funds. These funds record the receipts from the special millage.

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Township Board amended the budget to take into account events during the year. The most significant change was the decrease in the State Revenue Sharing. Township departments overall stayed below budget, resulting in total expenditures \$50,101 below budget. This allowed the General Fund's fund balance to increase from \$93,598 a year ago to \$133,217 at March 31, 2006.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

At the end of 2006, the Township had \$57,752 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, ambulance and fire equipment. In addition, the Township has invested significantly in roads within the Township. These assets are not reported in the Township's financial statements because of Michigan law, which makes these roads the property of the Chippewa County Road Commission (along with the responsibility to maintain them).

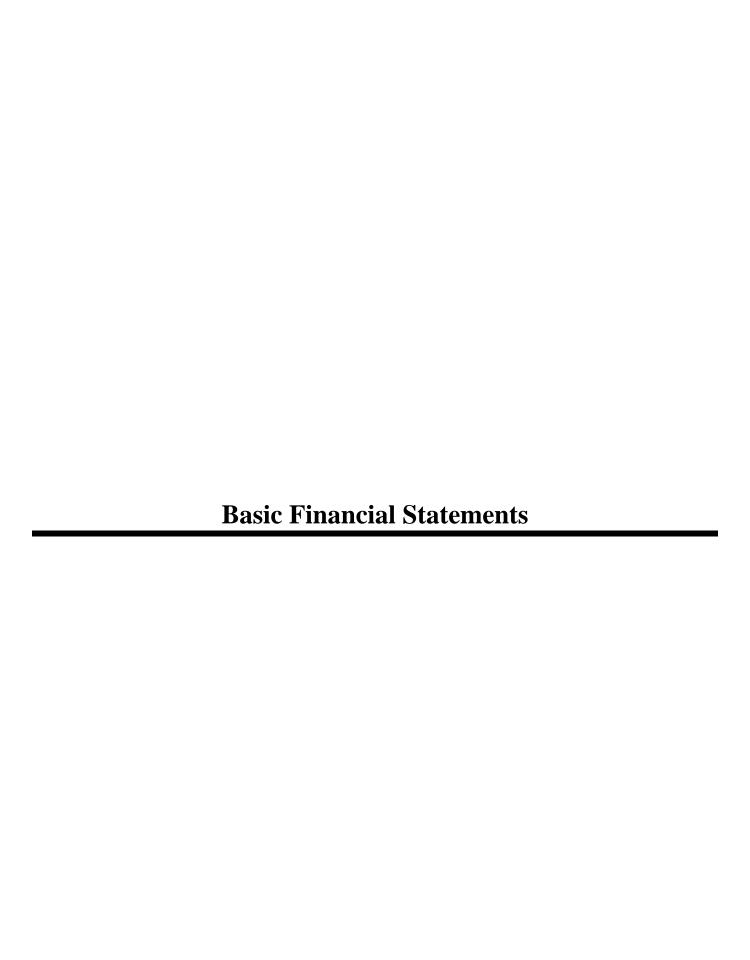
Management's Discussion and Analysis March 31, 2006

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Township's budget for 2005 calls for a freeze on property tax rates. This can be accomplished because of the strong growth in our tax base. Because of the impact of Proposal A, however, the Township needs to continue to watch its budget very closely. The state-wide tax reform act limits growth in taxable value on any individual property to the lesser of inflation. Because some properties increase in value by less than inflation, the mathematical result of this is that the total taxable value for the Township will grow less than by inflation, before considering new property additions. Also, reductions in State Revenue sharing continues to hurt the township.

#### Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Supervisor's office at: 906-297-3805.



# Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2006

ASSETS:		vernmental ctivities
Current Assets		
Cash & Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$	244,764
Accounts Receivable	Ψ	12,143
Accounts Accordance		12,143
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		256,907
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		57,752
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	314,659
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	6,723
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,723
NET ASSETS:		
Investment in Capital Assets		57,752
Unrestricted		250,184
		,
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	307,936

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

Functions/Programs	F	Expenses	Cha	m Revenues  arges for ervices	Governmental Activities Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					'	_	
General Government	\$	96,441	\$	-	\$	(96,441)	
Public Safety		17,478		3,059		(14,419)	
Public Works		56,290		-		(56,290)	
Depreciation Expense ( unallocated)		3,397		-		(3,397)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	173,606	\$	3,059		(170,547)	
General Revenues:							
Taxes						137,090	
State Revenue Sharing						46,165	
Local - General						26,401	
Interest Income						1,646	
<b>Total General Revenues</b>						211,302	
Changes in Net Assets						40,755	
Net Assets - Beginning						267,181	
Net Assets - Ending					\$	307,936	

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds March 31, 2006

							Non-M	lajor Fund	l	
		C 1		D 1		г.	C		_	Total
	General Fund		Road Fund		Fire Fund		Cemetery Fund		Go	vernmental Funds
ASSETS:		T dild		Tund		Tund		unu		Tunus
Cash & Equivalents	\$	133,640	\$	47,105	\$	63,305	\$	714	\$	244,764
Due from Other Funds		1		-		3,000		-		3,001
Accounts Receivable		9,300		2,038		805		-		12,143
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	142,941	\$	49,143	\$	67,110	\$	714	\$	259,908
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts Payable	\$	6,724	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,724
Due to Other Funds		3,000								3,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,724								9,724
FUND BALANCES:										
Unreserved:										
Undesignated		133,217		49,143		67,110		714		250,184
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		133,217		49,143		67,110		714		250,184
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	142,941	\$	49,143	\$	67,110	\$	714		
Reconciliation to amounts reported for governmental	activi	ties in the st	ateme	ent of net a	ssets:					
Capital assets used by governmental activities are not fit not reported in the funds.	nancia	l resources a	nd the	refore						57,752
Net assets of governmental activities									\$	307,936

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

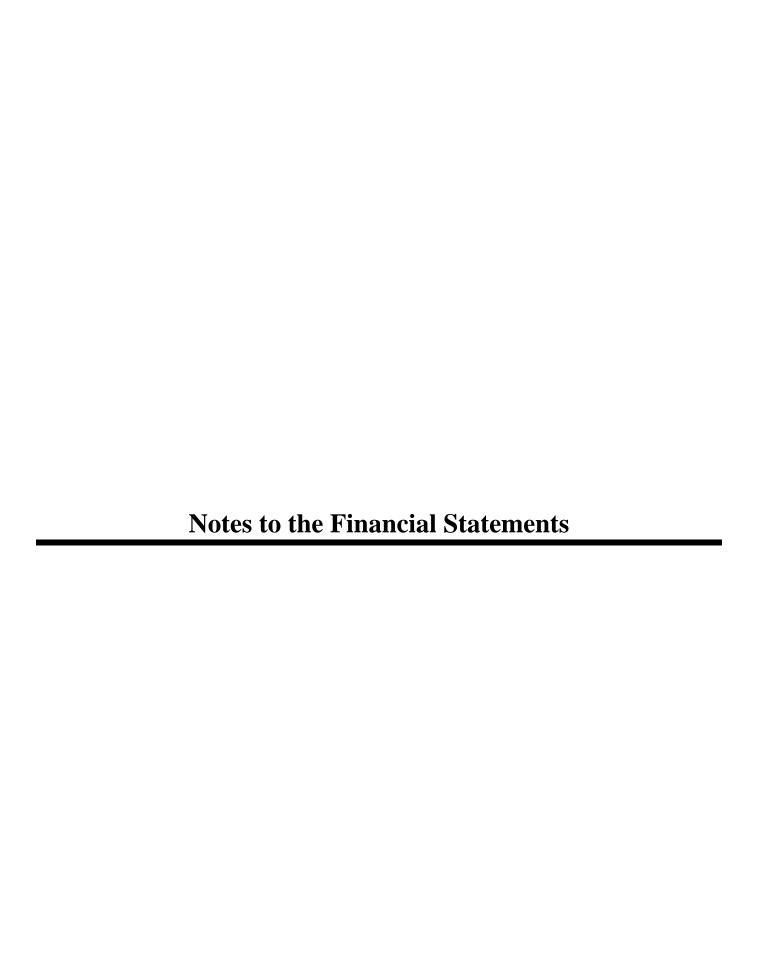
							Nonma	ajor Fund		
	General Fund		Road Fund		Fire Fund		Cemetary Fund		Go	Totals vernmental Funds
REVENUES:										
Taxes	\$	65,404	\$	51,412	\$	20,274	\$	-	\$	137,090
State Sources		46,165		-		-		-		46,165
Charges for Services		2,374		-		685		-		3,059
Interest		1,355		-		291		-		1,646
Local Sources		22,903		2,448		1,000		50		26,401
TOTAL REVENUES		138,201		53,860	-	22,250		50		214,361
EXPENDITURES:										
General Government		96,441		-		-		-		96,441
Public Safety		-		-		17,478		-		17,478
Public Works		-		56,290		-		-		56,290
Capital Outlay		2,141		<u>-</u>						2,141
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		98,582		56,290		17,478				172,350
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		39,619		(2,430)		4,772		50		42,011
FUND BALANCES, April 1		93,598		51,573		62,338		664		208,173
FUND BALANCES, March 31	\$	133,217	\$	49,143	\$	67,110	\$	714	\$	250,184

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended March 31, 2006

Net Changes in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	42,011
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded		
depreciation expense.		(1,256)
Changes in net assets of governmental funds	<u>\$</u>	40,755

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds March 31, 2006

	Current Tax Collection Fund
ASSETS:	
Cash Equivalents	\$ 1
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1
LIABILITIES:	
Due to Other Funds	\$ 1
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1



#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Raber Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Township:

#### **A – Financial Reporting Entity:**

Raber Township ("The Township") is a regular law Michigan township located in the eastern portion of Michigan's Upper Peninsula.

The Township operates under an elected Board of Trustees and provides services to its residents in many areas including fire protection, community enrichment and development.

The Township, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operations of Raber Township. The financial statements herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable State laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from Raber Township.

#### **B – Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C – Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

#### <u>Taxes Receivable – Current or Property Taxes</u>

The Raber Township property tax is levied on each December 1st and July 1st on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in the Township of Raber as of the preceding December 31st and July 1st.

The December 1, 2005 taxable valuation of Raber Township totaled \$28,284,800, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.5478 mills for the Township operating. This amount is recognized in the General Fund financial statements as tax revenue.

In addition to collecting their taxes, the Township also acts as a collection agent for all overlapping governments in the Township. The Township's portion of the tax is collected between December 1 and February 28. Unpaid taxes are subsequently turned over to the County Treasurer for collection. The County maintains a tax revolving fund which permits the County to pay the Township 100% of the delinquent real taxes within approximately two to three months after the delivery of the delinquent bills.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

This is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Road Fund

This fund accounts for road improvements to residence of Raber Township.

#### Fire Fund

This fund accounts for fire services to residence of Raber Township.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

#### **Agency Funds**

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Township as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do no involve measurement of results of operations.

All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's tax collection function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

#### D - Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u> – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income from all funds and is allocated to each fund based on average cash balance. Deposits are recorded at cost.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and Improvements 15-39 years Equipment and Furniture 3-10 years

<u>Prepaid Items</u> – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Interfund Transfers</u> – During the course of normal operations, the Township has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. The classification of amounts recorded as subsidies, advances, or equity contributions is determined by Township management.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Control</u> – The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Each March, after receiving input from the individual departments, the Board prepares a proposed operating budget for the fiscal period commencing April 1 and lapses on March 31. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally enacted through a resolution passed by the Township Board.
- d. Budgetary control is exercised at the departmental level of the General Fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund (i.e., budget amendments) require approval by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are made in accordance with the procedures prescribed under Public Act 621 of 1978.
- e. The budget and approved appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- f. The Township does not record encumbrances in the accounting records during the year as normal practice and, therefore, no outstanding encumbrances exist at year-end.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the Board of Trustees during the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, which were amended. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for budgetary purposes.

The General Fund budget was adopted on the basis of activities or programs financed by the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 (the Budgeting Act) requires that budgets be adopted for Governmental Funds. U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial statements present budgetary comparisons for the Governmental Fund Types for which budgets were legally adopted. The original budget adopted for the General fund was modified throughout the year through various budget amendments.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level.

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At year end, the Township's deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	vernmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	
Cash Equivalents	\$ 244,764	\$	1
Total	\$ 244,764	\$	_1

#### **Investment and Deposit Risk**

*Interest rate risk.* State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the following list of authorized investments. The Township does not have an investment policy.

*Credit risk.* The Township has no investments for which ratings are required.

Custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the Township does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$180,868 of the Township's bank balance of \$280,868 was exposed to credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

#### **Statutory Authority**:

Michigan Law (Public Act 20 of 1943 as amended) authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in one or more of the following:

- a. Bond, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a financial institution that is eligible to be a depository of funds belonging to the State under a law or rule of this State or the United States.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Repurchase agreements consisting of instruments listed in a.
- e. Banker's acceptance of United States banks.
- f. Obligations of this State or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by not less than one standard rating service.
- g. Mutual funds registered under the investment company act of 1940, Title I of Chapter 686, 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 to 80a-3 and 80a-4 to 80a-64, with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- h. Obligations described in a. through g. if purchased through an interlocal agreement under the urban cooperations act of 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.501 to 124.512.
- i. Investment pools organized under the surplus funds investment pool act, 1982 PA 367, 129.111 to 129.118.
- j. The investment pools organized under the local government investment pool act, 1985 PA 121, MCL 129.141 to 129.150.

The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

## NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds are as follows:

	G	eneral		Road	I	Fire		
	]	<u>Fund</u>		Fund	F	und	Total	
Receivables:								
Accounts	\$	9,300	\$	2,038	\$	805	\$	12,143

#### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets are as follows:

	Beginning Balances		In	creases	istments/ creases	Ending Balances		
Land Buildings and	\$	26,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	26,000	
Improvements Furniture, Fixtures, and		263,432		-	-		263,432	
Equipment		266,459		2,141	 		268,600	
Subtotal		555,891		2,141	-		558,032	
Accumulated Depreciation:		(496,884)		(3,396)	 		(500,280)	
Net Capital Assets	\$	59,007	\$	(1,255)	\$ 	\$	57,752	

Depreciation was not allocated by function during 2006.

#### NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The Township reports interfund balances between many of its funds. Some of the balances are considered immaterial and are aggregated into a single column or row. The total of all balances agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the statements of net assets/balance sheet for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Interfund transactions resulting in interfund Receivables and Payable are as follows:

S		DUE TO OTHER FUNDS							
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	Fire Fund Agency Fund Total	General Fund  \$ 3,0001  \$ 3,001							

#### NOTE 7 - CONTINGENCIES:

<u>Risk Management</u> – The Township of Raber is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, and omissions, employee injuries, as well as workmen's compensation benefits provided to employees. The Township participates in the Michigan Township Participating Plan for general liability, property loss, automobile, professional, public official errors and omissions liabilities. In addition, the Township has purchased commercial insurance for workmen's compensation benefits.

Settled claims for the insurance have not exceeded the amount of coverage in any of the past three years. There was no reduction in coverages obtained through insurance during the past year.

#### NOTE 8 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective April 1, 2005, the Township implemented several new accounting standards issued by GASB:

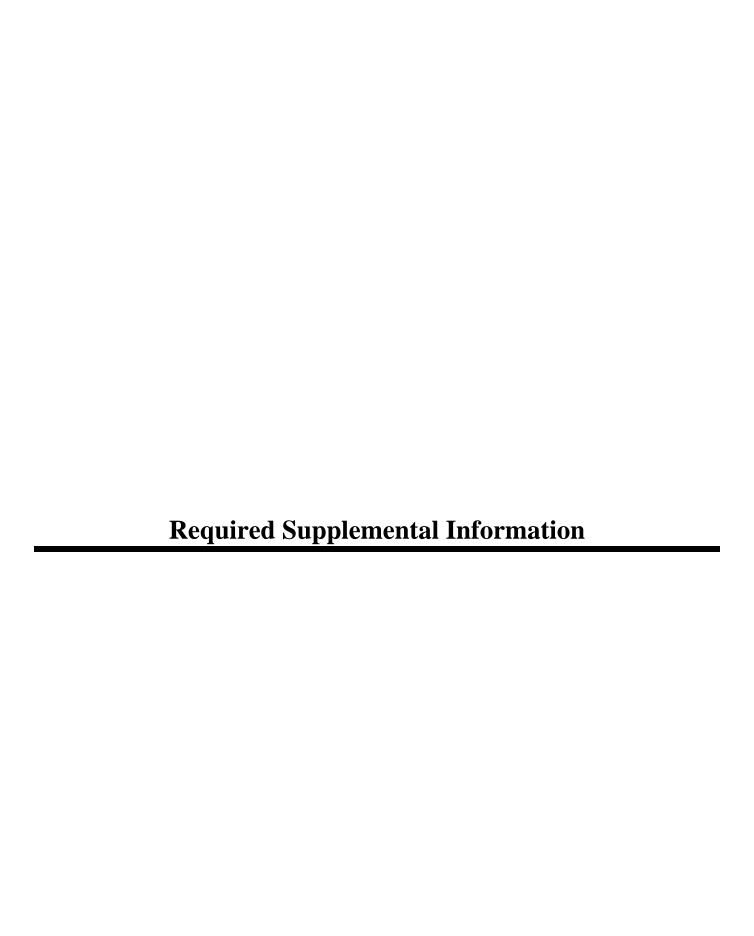
Statement No. 33, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions</u>, as amended by Statement No. 36, <u>Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Non-Exchange Revenues</u>, which establishes standards for recording non-exchange transactions on the modified accrual and accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2006

#### NOTE 8 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (Continued)

Statement No. 34, <u>Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments</u>, as amended by Statement No. 37, <u>Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments Omnibus</u>, which established new financial reporting standards for state and local governments. This statement requires significant changes in the financial reporting model used by local governments, eliminating account groups and utilizing full accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Another significant change is the Management Discussion and Analysis Section, which provides an overall analysis of the financial position and results of operations and conditions that could have significant effect on the financial position or results of operations.

Statement No. 38, <u>Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures</u>, which requires certain note disclosures when implementing GASB Statement 34.



# Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Budgeted Amou			ints Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:				1 mai	returi rimounts			8
Taxes	\$	66,973	\$	66,973	\$	65,404	\$	(1,569)
State Sources		43,000		43,000		46,165		3,165
Charges for Services		2,700		2,700		2,374		(326)
Interest & Rentals		900		900		1,355		455
Other Revenue		2,825		8,525		22,903		14,378
TOTAL REVENUES		116,398		122,098		138,201		16,103
EXPENDITURES:								
General Government:								
Supervisor		7,990		8,551		7,076		1,475
Treasurer		14,600		14,600		11,512		3,088
Clerk		8,900		9,200		6,935		2,265
Assessor		15,042		16,084		14,306		1,778
Board of Review		1,500		1,500		695		805
Township Hall		46,350		47,000		36,347		10,653
Elections		3,300		3,300		1,551		1,749
Insurance		5,700		11,400		4,915		6,485
Contractual		3,700		3,769		1,831		1,938
Other		13,000		15,679		11,273		4,406
Total General Government		120,082		131,083		96,441		34,642
Capital Outlay		17,600		17,600		2,141		15,459
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		137,682		148,683		98,582		50,101
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$	(21,284)	\$	(26,585)		39,619	\$	66,204
FUND BALANCE, April 1						93,598		
FUND BALANCE, March 31					\$	133,217		

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road Fund For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final Ac			Actua	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:	 <u> </u>			110 units				
Taxes	\$ 52,500	\$	52,500	\$	51,412	\$	(1,088)	
Other	 1,500		1,500		2,448		948	
TOTAL REVENUES	54,000		54,000		53,860		(140)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Public Works	 50,750		56,290		56,290			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 50,750		56,290		56,290			
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ 3,250	\$	(2,290)		(2,430)	\$	(140)	
FUND BALANCE, April 1					51,573			
FUND BALANCE, March 31				\$	49,143			

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Fire Fund For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original			Final	Actual Amounts		(Negative)		
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$	25,600	\$	19,300	\$	20,274	\$	974	
Interest & Rentals		-		-		976		976	
Contributions		-		-		1,000		1,000	
TOTAL REVENUES		25,600		19,300		22,250		2,950	
EXPENDITURES:									
Public Safety		32,300		32,300		17,478		14,822	
Capital Outlay		10,000		10,000		-		10,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		42,300		42,300		17,478		24,822	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$	(16,700)	\$	(23,000)		4,772	\$	27,772	
FUND BALANCE, April 1						62,338			
У Д						<u> </u>			
FUND BALANCE, March 31					\$	67,110			

#### REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

Board of Trustees Raber Township, Michigan Goetzville, Michigan 49736

We have audited the financial statements of Raber Township, Michigan for the year ended March 31, 2006, and have issued our reports thereon dated June 21, 2006. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

#### Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

Our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are fairly presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Because an audit is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance and because we did not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements may exist and not be detected by us.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of Raber Township, Michigan. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of Raber Township's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

#### **Significant Accounting Policies**

Management is responsible for selection and us of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of the accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Raber Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, Raber Township changed accounting policies related to presentation by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GABS Statement) No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments* in April 2005. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of the year is reported in the prior fund balance. We noted no transactions entered into by Raber Township during the year that were both significant and unusual, and of which, under professional standards, we are required to inform you, or transactions for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

#### **Accounting Estimates**

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. Our conclusions regarding the reasonableness of the estimates are based on reviewing and testing the historical data provided by management and using this data to compute the liability

#### **Audit Adjustments**

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a significant audit adjustment as a proposed correction of the financial statements that, in our judgment, may not have been detected except through our auditing procedures. An audit adjustment may or may not indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the Township's financial reporting process (that is, cause future financial statements to be materially misstated). In our judgment, none of the adjustments we proposed, whether recorded or unrecorded by the Township, either individually or in the aggregate, indicate matters that could have a significant effect on the Township's financial process

#### **Disagreement with Management**

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether significant or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

#### **Consultation with Other Independent Accountants**

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion to be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to advise us as to determine the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### **Issues Discussed Prior to Retention of Independent Auditors**

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Raber Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

#### **Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit**

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

#### **Comments and Recommendations**

#### **Policies**

During several discussions with the Township Treasurer we found the Township does not have written policies for accounting procedures and a Township disaster recovery plan. It is recommended the Township prepare and adopt written policies for accounting procedures and a disaster recovery plan.

#### Conflict of Interest/Competitive Bids

The Township currently has no conflict of interest policy or a competitive bid policy in place. These policies ensure related parties abstain from voting on related issues and allow for competitive pricing on contracts the Township enters into.

#### **Budgets and Financial Reporting**

The board has not been receiving budget to actual reports on a consistent monthly basis. This report should be generated for the board to properly assess the fiscal condition of the township.

### **Capitalization Policy**

Many items under the Capitalization threshold were coded to the Capital Outlay account. Care should be taken to code account items that fall under the capitalization policy guidelines to this account.

Raber Township, Michigan Page 4

#### **Disbursement Coding**

Expenses should be consistently coded to their expense categories. A few disbursements were not coded consistently to the proper account.

#### Payroll Reporting and Remitting

The quarterly payroll reports were not properly completed and the incorrect amounts were also remitted to the Internal Revenue Service. Care should be taken to properly file these reports.

#### **Conclusion**

We would like to express our appreciation, as well as that of our staff, for the excellent cooperation we received while performing the audit. If we can be of assistance in implementing any of the above recommendations, please contact us.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Township Board, the cognizant audit agencies and other federal and state agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Anderson, Tackman & Company, PLC Certified Public Accountants

June 21, 2006